

Current Situation of Transport Data System in Thailand

Discussion Meeting with International Export on "Essential Transport Indicators and Their Practical Applications" 23 June 2014 VIE Hotel Bangkok



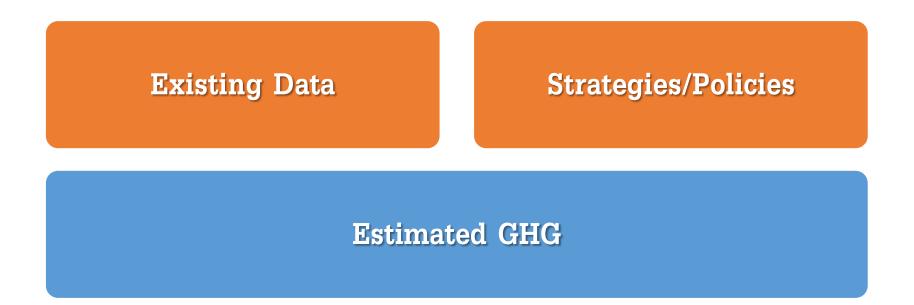
Outline:

- Progress on Design of an MRV System for Transport
 Sector in Thailand
- Current Situation of Transport Data System in Thailand



Main Objective:

to design the support system for developing the national system for Measurement, Reporting, and Verification (MRV) in Thailand's transport sector





Outputs:

- **Data** required for estimating the potential mitigation effects of a policy (or a set of policies) on GHG (Greenhouse Gases).
- Model for estimating transport activities
- Methodology for estimating the potential mitigation effects of a policy (or a set of policies) on *GHG* (Greenhouse Gases). The addition work in this component also includes the *MAC* analysis for the selected policies.





Non-urban rail ways improvements (Nation Level)

• Non-urban rail ways improvements: Existing railway is subject to be improved; doubling tracks, provision of train units, train interior and service improvement. Currently only 200 km out of 4000 km of railway line have double track. The train engines are lacking and result in irregular operations.





Fuel efficiency policy (Nation Level)

- **Fuel economy standard of all new vehicles:** A standard setting for fuel economy of motorcycle has enforced in 2014. Standards for other type of vehicles are going to be developed.
- **Car labelling:** In 2006, Energy Policy and Planning Office studied the fuel efficient label. Currently, Excise Department has studied the car labelling indicating the fuel efficiency and/or CO₂ emission.





Fuel subsidy reduction (Nation Level)

• The government fixed the LPG's price for domestic use at 18.13 THB, diesel at 29.99 THB. Within 2013, the price of LPG for transport sector will gradually increase to reflect the cost of production.



Public Transport Management (City Level)

- Bus Route Optimization: Bus routes are developed and optimized by BTMA. One 16-km BRT line in Bangkok also has priority at signal junctions.
- **Integrated Ticketing:** A common electronic ticket is planned for major public transport in Bangkok. A single ticket can be used on most public transport in Bangkok.
- **Incentives for Public Transport Investments:** In Thailand, bus, van and boat is owned and operated by private/public sector.



Urban PT infrastructure (City Level)

 Urban rail transit network is planned in Bangkok. Twelve lines of PT have the total length of 467 km. Moreover, BMA studies some rail transit, mainly monorail/light rail and extension of the existing rail system. The first BRT line has been operating since 2012. The other four lines in the BMA Actiona Plan on Global Warming Mitigation 2007-2012 are Mor Chit line, Don Muang line, Minburi line, and Bangan line.



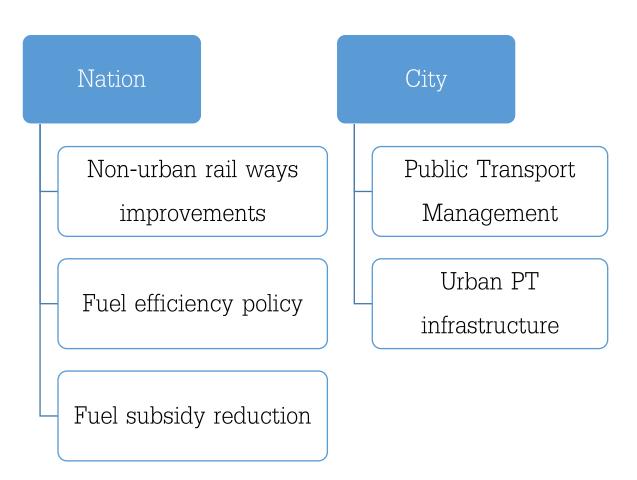
Non-Motorised Transport (NMT) (Project Level)

- Cycling infrastructure: The Government Cabinet acknowledged the resolution on Systems and Structures for Promotion of Walking and Cycling in Daily Life on November 19, 2013, and assigned relevant agencies to implement it.
- Walking infrastructure: Sidewalk is basic provision on most streets in cities. Walking paths are also provided as a basic access way in many areas.

Strategies/ Policies



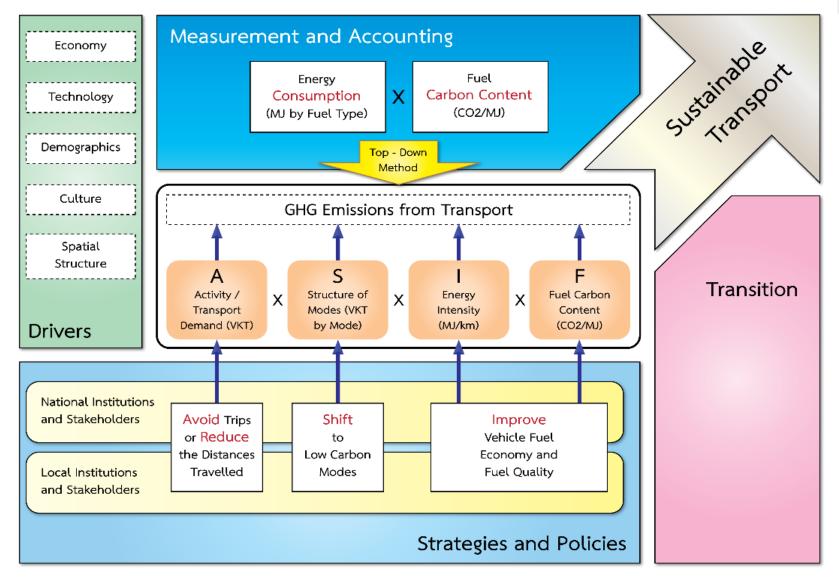




Framework for CO₂ Emission Estimations





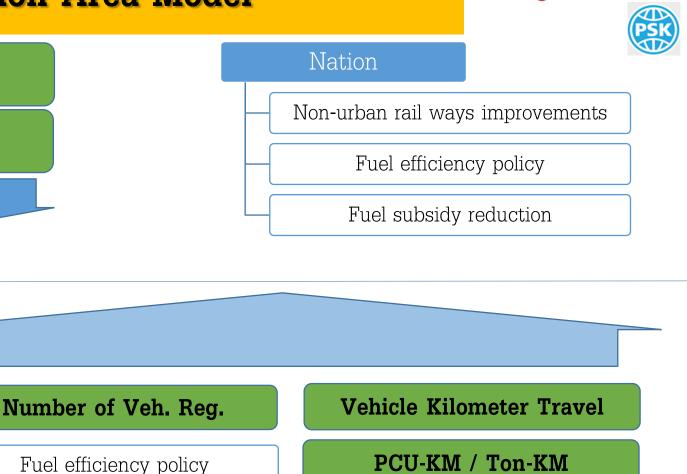


Source: Low-Carbon Land Transport Policy Handbook

Nation Area Model

Fuel subsidy reduction





Non-urban rail ways improvements

NAM

Questions

Top Down

Bottom Up

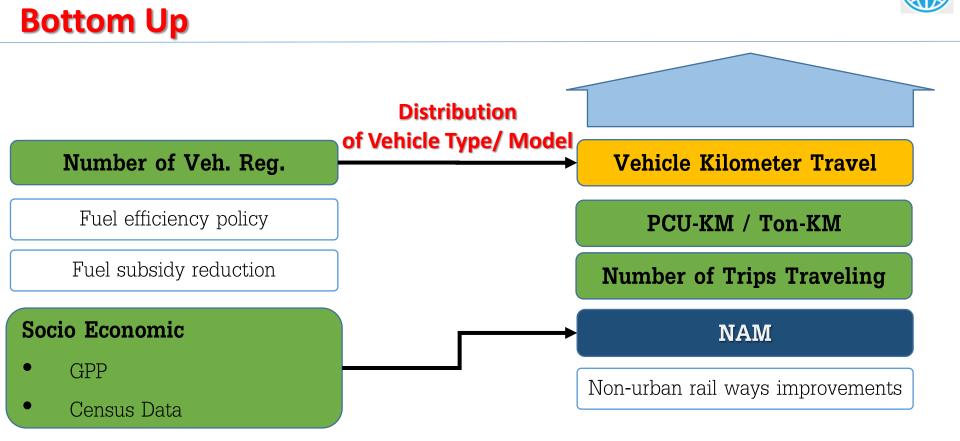
Energy Consumption

(MJ by Fuel Price)

Fuel Carbon Content

(CO2 /MJ)

Top Down VS Bottom UP (% Acceptable)



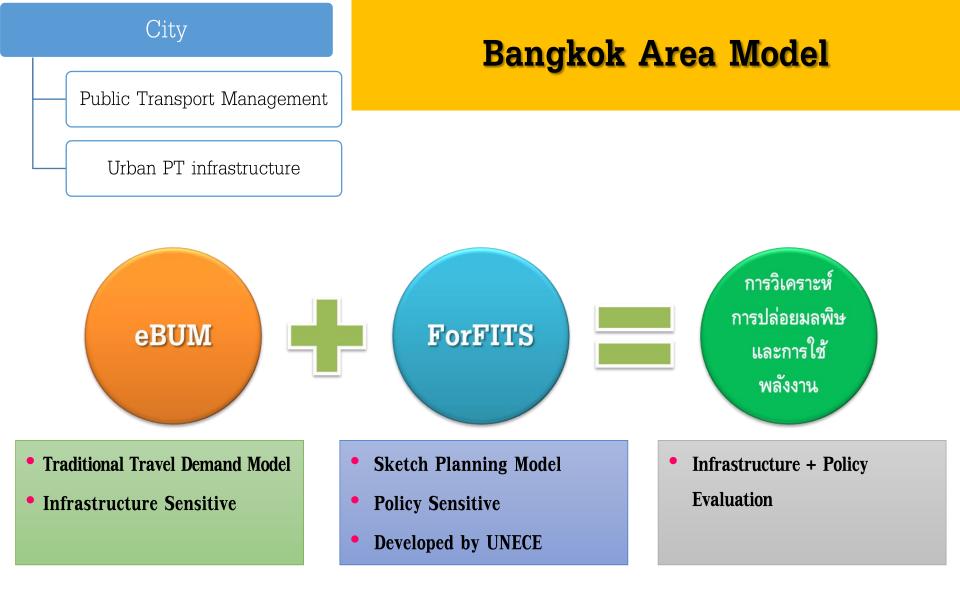
Questions

Limitation of Accesses to the Model for Estimating VKT

Nation Area Model

- ✓ Is it possible to directly distribute the vehicle types to the VKT?
- ✓ Fuel Subsidy Reduction (LPG) -> not a mode shift but changes in type of veh.

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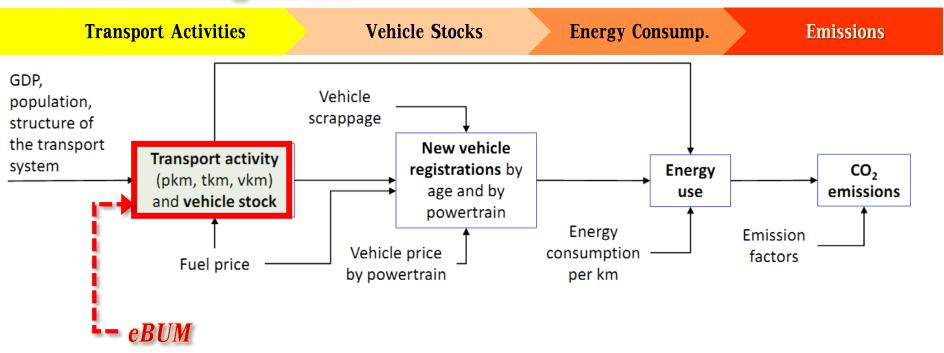
Bangkok Area Model





Transfer Data between eBUM and ForFITS

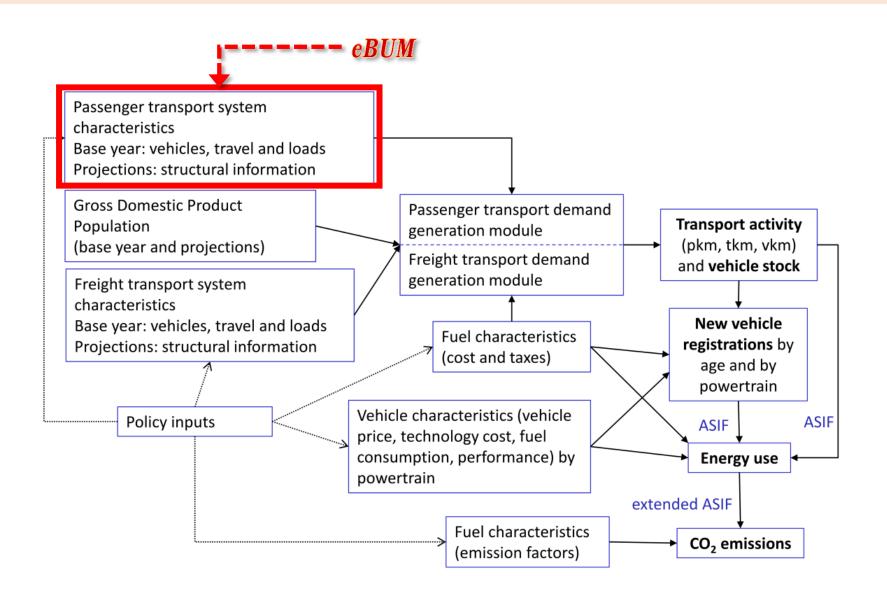




Bangkok Area Model



ForFITS Modeling Structure



Inputs for Transport Activities in ForFITS





DEMAND GENERATION PARAMETERS

Passenger

Drivers as fucntions of GDP per capita

Personal passenger vehicles (PPV) per capita Pkm share on PPV in PPV + public transport Pkm share on air mode in total pkm People per active bike

Personal vessels (boats) per capita

Environmental culture multipliers

Personal passenger vehicles (PPV) per capita Personal passenger LDVS Pkm share on PPV in PPV + public transport Pkm share on air mode in total pkm People per active bike

Vehicle travel cost multipliers

Personal passenger vehicles (PPV) per capita Personal passenger LDVS People per active bike Personal vessels (boats) per capita

Elasticities as functions of GDP per capita

Annual personal vehicle travel to cost of driving Pkm on public transport vehicles to cost of driving Pkm on air vehicles to cost of driving

Freight

Drivers as fucntions of GDP per capita

Share of light vehicles in total road freight

Elasticities

Tkm to the cost of tkm Load factors to the cost of tkm

MODAL SHARES (EXOGENOUS PROJECTIONS)

Modal shares

Modal shares between 2- and 3-wheelers Pkm shares in public transport modes Vehicle shares in light road freight modes

Summary of Key Indicators





Non-urban rail ways improvements

Public Transport Management

Urban PT infrastructure

Fuel efficiency policy

Fuel subsidy reduction

Activity Indicators (Avoid-Shift)

- 1. PKM/capita
- 2. TKM/capita
- 3. VKM/capita (mode wise)
- 4. PKM mode share/Trips mode share, TKM mode share

Improve Indicators (Improve)

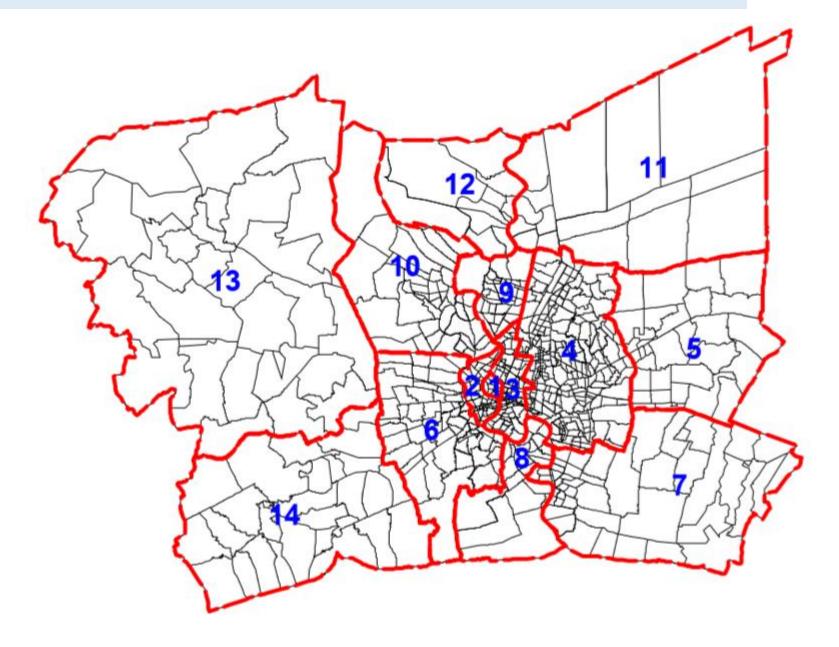
- 1. Annually increased in CO2 emissions
- 2. Annual Fuel consumption growth per year
- 3. Fuel consumption per VKT



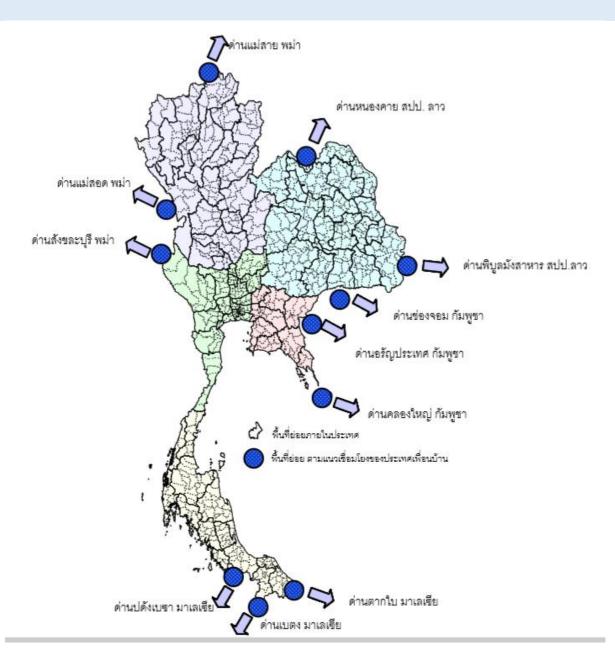
- Data from Transport Model NAM
- Data from Transport Model eBUM







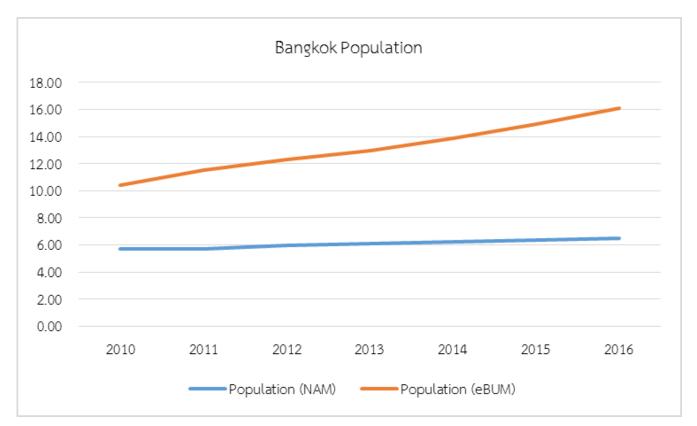






(PSK)

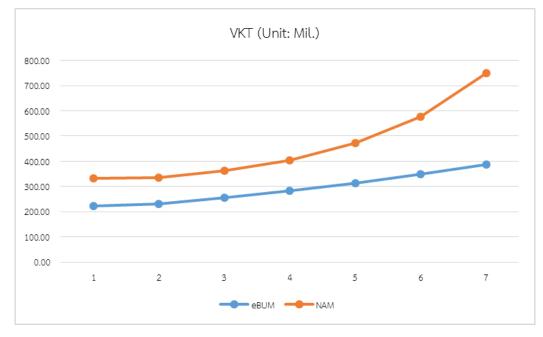
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Reputation (NAM)	5.70	574	593	607	6.20	633	6.47
Reputation (eBLM)	10.40	11.54	1229	1299	13.88	14.94	16.10
HH(M.)	361	385	4.18	4.48	4.83	528	5.75
HHSze	300	299	294	289	286	283	280
Ag hænes	27,778	27,799	33,927	38,378	42,616	47,044	51,932
Labours (MI.)	5.86	627	671	7.2	7.81	836	8.94





PSK

	VKT eBJM NAM		Milion	Milion	Dation Nation	Portion Banglok	
Daily Trips			Veh. Reg (Nation)	Veh. Reg (Banglok)	FOLIOTINALIOT		
2010	223.51	331.84	28.48	6.18	11.650	36.182	
2011	230.48	335.50	30.19	6.57	11.111	35.064	
2012	256.32	36238	3248	7.24	11.158	35.412	
2013	281.70	404.93	34.62	7.92	11.695	35.572	
2014	313.28	47209					
2015	347.56	577.82					
2016	387.14	749.51					





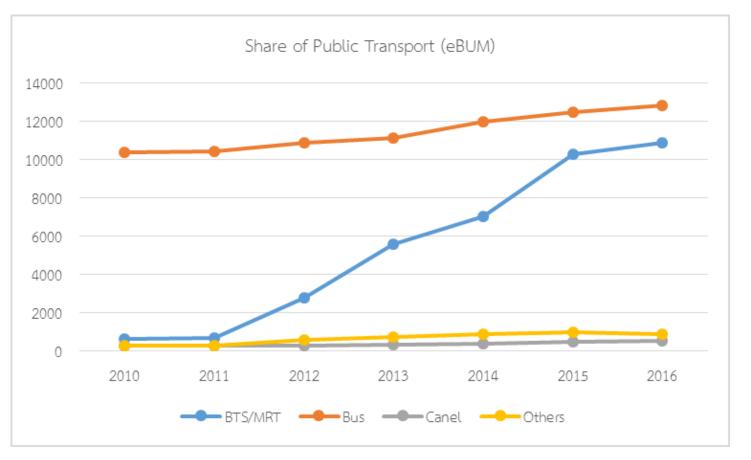


Person Trips in Bangkok

	Total	Pivate	Share	Rlic	Share
2010	21,900	10,300	47.03%	11,600	52.97%
2011	22,347	10,600	47.43%	11,747	52.57%
2012	25,900	11,300	43.63%	14,600	56.37%
2013	30,100	12,300	40.86%	17,800	59.14%
2014	33,900	13,600	40.12%	20,300	59.88%
2015	39,200	14,900	38.01%	24,300	61.99%
2016	43,800	18,600	42.47%	25,200	57.53%



Thousond-Person Trips/Day									
Year	Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 201								
BISMRT	636	683	2,798	5,611	7,065	10,309	10,898		
Bas	10,407	10,451	10,902	11,167	11,975	12,520	12,857		
Canel	280	298	300	318	383	487	526		
Qhers	292	315	598	750	876	B	892		





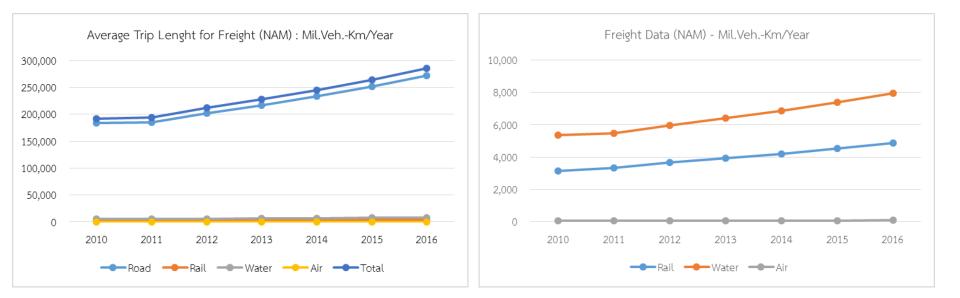


	Freight Data (NAM) - Thousand-Ton/Year									
Year	2010	2011	2011 2012 2013 2014 2015				2016			
Red	429,295	433,184	474,050	508,140	545,485	536,553	631,807			
Rai	11,007	12,995	14,222	15,244	16,364	17,601	18,955			
Water	70,149	71,690	78,454	84,122	90,270	97,073	104,557			
Är	64	64	71	78	86	95	106			
Total	510,515	517,933	566,797	566,797 607,584 662,205 7		701,322	755,425			



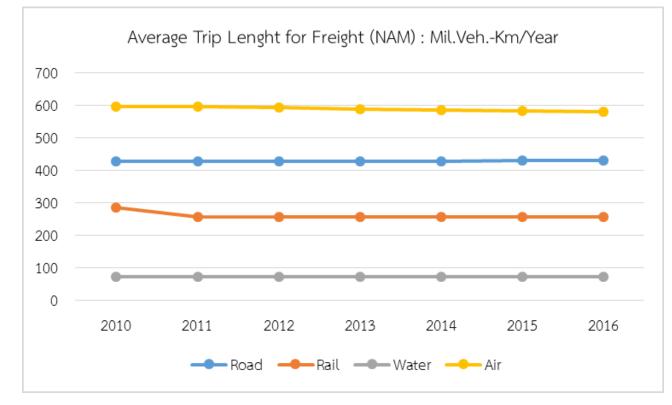


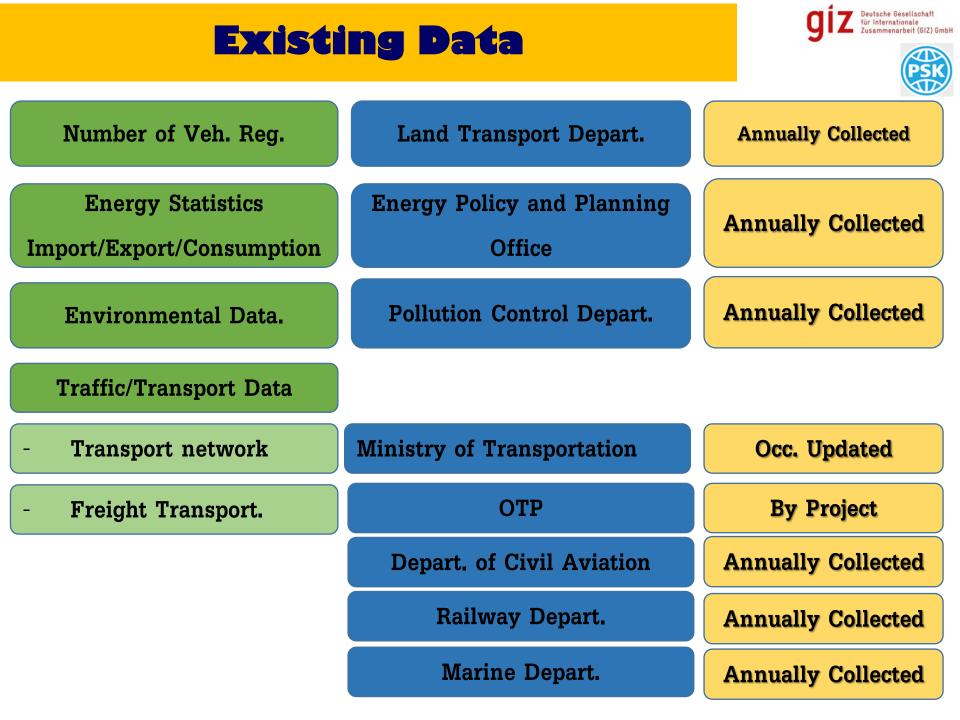
	Freight Data (NAM) - MI. Veh-Km/Year									
Year	2010	2010 2011 2012 2013 2014		2015	2016					
Red	183,541	33,541 185,345 202,390 217,180 233,6	45 202,390 217,180	233,622	251,856	272,362				
Rai	3,146	3,335	3,650	3,911 4,201		4,519	4,867			
Vater	5,361	5,451	5,965	6,395	6,864	7,381	7,950			
Är	50	51 55 194,181 212,080		59	64	68	74			
Total	192,098			227,545	244,751	263,824	285,253			





Average Trip Length for Freight (Km)									
Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015									
Road	428	428	427	427	428	423	431		
Rai	286	257	257	257	257	257	257		
Water	72	72	72	72	72	72	72		
Ar	596.5	595.9	5927	589.5	586.3	583.1	580		
Total	376	374	374	374	375	376	377		

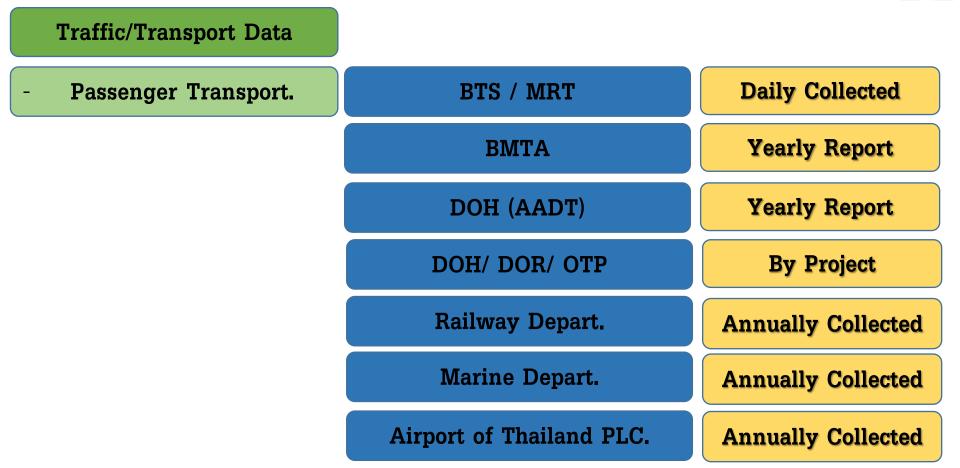




Existing Data







Existing Data





	Socio-Economic Data		
-	Number of Pop.	National Statistical Office	Census Data
		Depart. of Provincial Admin.	Admin. Data
-	HH Incomes HH Veh. Dist.	Office of Transport and Traffic Policy and Planning	Collected by Proj.

Other Socio Economic Data





Note: **1-Population Census** 2-Survey of Population and Housing 3-Household Socio-Economic Survey 4-Survey of Population Change 2005 1990 2000 1995 YEAR Household Socio-**Population Census Economic Survey** Survey of Population Survey of Population and Change Housing

Variables	1	2	3	4
Household Characteristics:				
HH_TYPE	Х	Х	Х	Х
HH_CHAR	Х	Х	Х	
TOTAL_MEM	Х	Х	Х	Х
NUM_BIC		Х		
NUM_MT		Х		
NUM_PC		Х		
HH_INCOMES			х	х
Household Member Characteristics:				
REL2HH	Х	Х	Х	Х
M_STATUS	Х	Х	Х	Х
GENDER	Х	Х	Х	Х
AGE	Х	Х	Х	Х
W_STATUS	Х	Х	Х	Х
ATT_EDU	Х	Х	х	Х
IND_INCOMES			Х	Х

Summary





- Needs for Modeling Tools
- Updated and Reliable Data
- Effective Indicators